



**THE FORESTRY TECHNICAL COLLEGE
PIATRA-NEAMȚ
67, Ștefan cel Mare street, Piatra-Neamț**



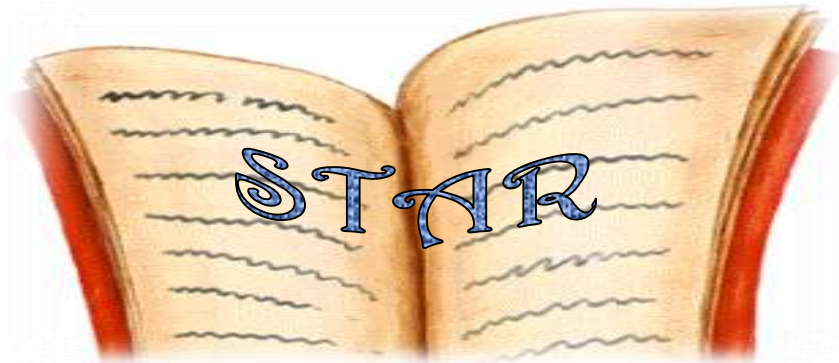
School magazine

STAR

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From our magazine:

- *About vocabulary
- *Learning the parts of the tree
- *Tree species
- *Trouble-free grammar



LEARN ENGLISH

Why do we learn English?

English is the language of science, aviation, computers, diplomacy and tourism.

Knowing English can help you make progress in life, both personally and professionally. You can compete in the global job market, increase your career skills and get to know people from around the world.

STAR's Editorial Team

What does vocabulary refer to ?

Vocabulary is all about words — the words in a language or a special set of words including their structure (morphology), use (grammar), meanings (semantics) and links to other words word/semantic relationships.

Vocabulary refers to all the words that make up a language.

Why is it important to understand vocabulary?

Vocabulary helps express ourselves more precisely and sharpens communication.

Why is vocabulary important in communication?

Vocabulary is very important because it improves all areas of communication .

A robust English vocabulary improves overall communication — listening, speaking, reading, writing. Knowing a great number of words can help to express ideas in a meaningful way.

Vocabulary - Around the house



Vocabulary- At the office

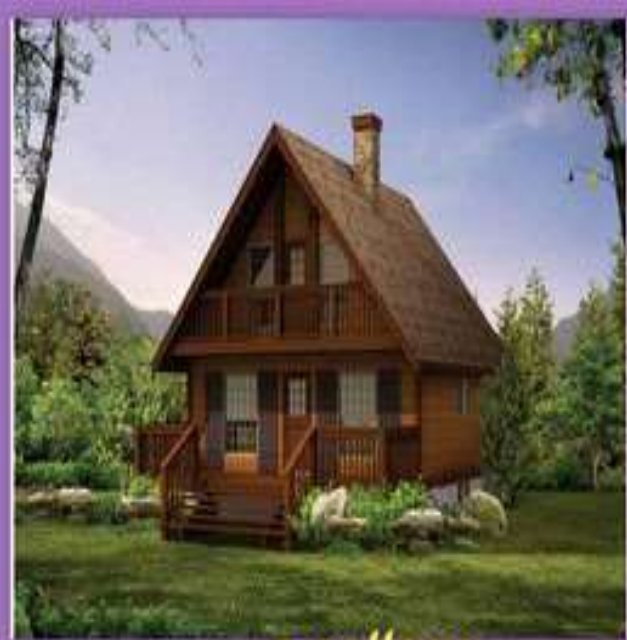




a detached house



an apartment block



a cottage

Types of houses in Britain



a bungalow

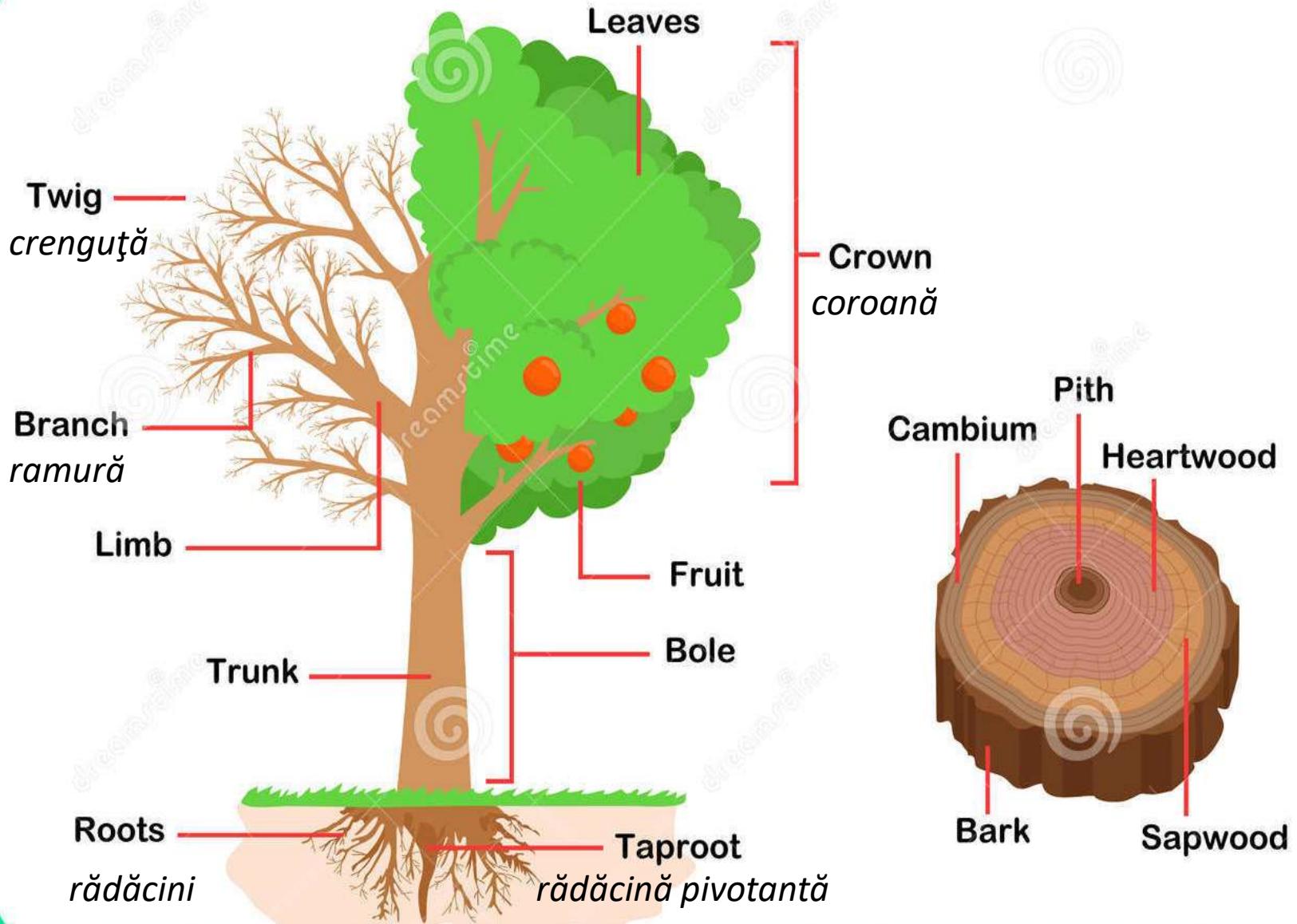


a terraced house



a semi-detached house

Learning the Parts of a tree



Tree species



St. Patrick's day



St. Patrick's day is the national holiday of Ireland.



It's also a popular celebration in the United States, because there are lots of Irish immigrants.



It's celebrated on the 17th of March, the date when the saint died.



St. Patrick was born in the fourth century, and he brought Christianity to the Irish.



On St. Patrick's day, people usually wear green clothes. Children usually pinch those who don't wear green.



The traditional foods are corned beef and cabbage.



The traditional symbols are the shamrock, the harp and the leprechaun.



Leprechauns are small Irish fairies who live in the forests. They make shoes and they have lots of gold, but they are unfriendly.



This is the Irish flag. The green color represents the South of Ireland, and orange represents the North. The white color represents peace between them.

**S
Y
M
B
O
L
S**

Saint Patrick's Day



shamrock



Irish flag



Saint Patrick



horseshoe



hat



Pot of gold



Leprechaun



harp



rainbow

Wild Animals Vocabulary



fox



squirrel



reindeer



brown bear



lynx



bison



wolf



swine

Domestic Animals



turkey



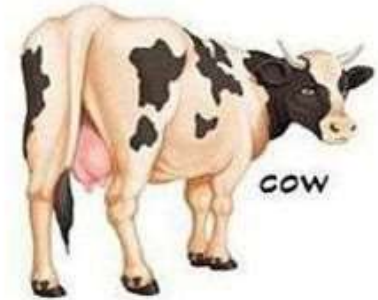
hen



rooster



goose



cow



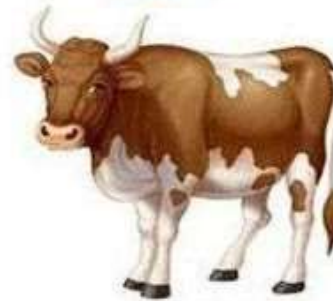
cat



rabbit



chick



ox



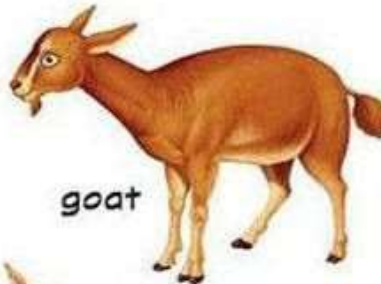
dog



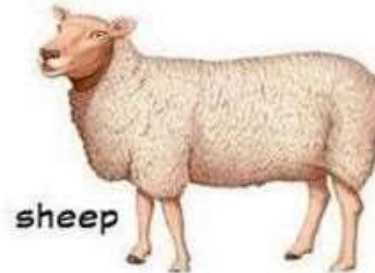
duckling



duck



goat



sheep



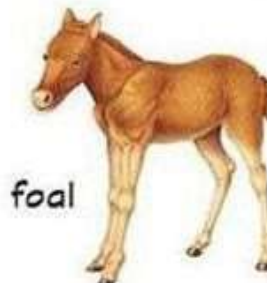
lamb



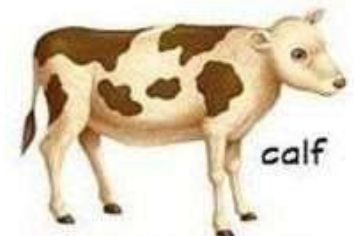
horse



kid



foal



calf



Vegetables vocabulary



corn



mushroom



broccoli



cucumber



red pepper/
red bell
pepper



brussels sprouts



carrots



swede/
rutabaga
(U.S.)



tomatoes



pineapple



pumpkin



cabbage



potatoes



eggplant



sweet potatoes



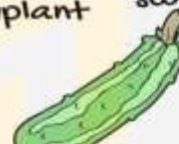
lettuce



onions



green chillies



courgette
(U.K.) / zucchini
(U.S.)



turnip



radish



peas



asparagus



celery



green pepper



French beans



spinach



beetroot/
beet (U.S.)



red chillies/
red chili
peppers (U.S.)



beans

Trouble-free Grammar


**And now let us not forget
what we have learned**



What is a Personal Pronoun?

It's a pronoun that takes
the place of a noun as
the subject of a sentence.

Este un pronume care ia locul unui substantiv ca subiect al unei propoziții.





Personal Pronouns

First Person - I ,We

Second Person - You ,You

Third Person - He , She , It , They



Demonstrative Pronouns

THIS

acest/ aceasta/ acesta

THESE

acești/ aceste / aceștia/ acestea

THAT

acel / acea / acela/ aceea

THOSE

acei/ acele / aceia/ acelea

Commonly Confused Word:

good / well

Good is an **adjective** while
well is an **adverb** answering the
question **how**.

Sometimes **well** also functions as an
adjective pertaining to health.

Good is an adjective.
It modifies (describes) a noun.

Example

We had a **good time** yesterday.

adjective noun

The spring **flowers** smell **good**.

noun adjective

Well is an **adverb**.

Well always modifies/describes a **verb**.

As a modifier of a verb, **well** tells **HOW** something is done.

Max *plays* chess quite **well**.

↑
verb

↑
adverb

Summary:

Good is an **adjective**. It modifies a noun.

Well is an **adverb**. It modifies a verb
(telling "how").

Well may be used as an adjective to
indicate good health or satisfactory
conditions.

Collocations

What is a collocation?

Collocation refers to a relationship between words that frequently occur together.

Why learn collocations?

Your language will be more natural and more easily understood.

You will have alternative and richer ways of expressing yourself.

Collocation Examples



Making a bed



Doing homework



Saving time



Doing the dishes



Giving someone advice

Ways to Say "How are you?"

How have you been?

How's it going?

What's up?

What's new?

How's it going?

How's everything?

What are you up to?

How are you doing?

How are you holding up?

ENGLISH is YOUR FRIEND !

EDITORIAL TEAM:

-The students from XI C grade

COORDINATING TEACHER:

IRINA VREMIR

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